UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark one) ⊠ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13	OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES	S EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the qu	arterly period ended September 3	30, 2019
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13	OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES	S EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period	od from to	
Сол	nmission File Number: 001-38180	
ис г	OODS GROUP IN	J C
	me of registrant as specified in its cl	
Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organiz	zation)	81-2717873 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	Market Street, Greensboro, NC 2	
(Address	of principal executive offices) (Zip	Code)
(Registran	(336) 268-2080 t's telephone number, including area	a code)
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:		
Title of each class	Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value	HFFG	Nasdaq Capital Market
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all r during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that requirements for the past 90 days. YES \boxtimes NO \square		
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted ele Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding YES \boxtimes NO \square		
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large acceler emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large acceler in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.		
Large accelerated filer □		Accelerated filer □
Non-accelerated filer \square		Smaller reporting company ⊠ Emerging growth company ⊠
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Sec		extended transition period for complying with any new or
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell compar	ny (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the E	Exchange Act).
YES □ NO ⊠		
As of November 14, 2019, the registrant had 53,050,211 and 52	2,145,096 shares of common stock is	ssued and outstanding, respectively.

HF FOODS GROUP INC. FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

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Item 1. Financial Statements.

HF FOODS GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

	As of			
	S	eptember 30 2019	I	December 31 2018
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash	\$	6,803,415	\$	5,489,404
Accounts receivable, net		13,089,775		14,406,476
Accounts receivable - related parties, net		2,677,503		2,292,151
Inventories, net		29,826,054		22,175,769
Advances to suppliers, net		647,339		280,267
Advances to suppliers - related parties, net		990,139		1,526,482
Notes receivable		-		3,803,826
Notes receivable - related parties, current		-		8,117,686
Income Tax Recoverable		448,512		-
Other current assets		1,229,379		950,703
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		55,712,116		59,042,764
Property and equipment, net		27,096,211		22,650,021
Operating lease right-of-use assets		75,169		-
Deferred tax assets		81,385		117,933
Long-term notes receivable - related parties		-		423,263
Other long-term assets		141,954		242,426
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	83,106,834	\$	82,476,407
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Lines of credit	φ	11 004 401	φ	0.104.146
	\$	11,864,481	\$	8,194,146
Accounts payable		18,728,857		17,474,206
Accounts payable - related parties		4,279,050		3,923,120
Advance from customers		758,296		61,406
Advance from customers - related parties		4 650 000		166,490
Current portion of long-term debt, net		1,650,898		1,455,441
Current portion of obligations under capital leases		262,904		164,894
Current portion of obligations under operating leases		40,155		-
Income tax payable		13,343		<u>-</u>
Accrued expenses		991,299		2,148,602
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		38,589,283		33,588,305
Long-term debt, net		15,409,535		13,109,854
Obligations under capital leases, non-current		1,139,964		120,705
Obligations under operating leases, non-current		35,014		_
Deferred tax liabilities		1,306,630		1,196,061
TOTAL LIABILITIES		56,480,426		48,014,925
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINCENCIES				
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES				
EQUITY:				
Preferred Stock, \$0.0001 par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding as of				
September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively		-		-
Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value, 30,000,000 shares authorized, 22,350,211 shares issued, 905,115 treasury				
shares, and 21,445,096 shares outstanding as of September 30, 2019, and 30,000,000 shares authorized, and 22,167,486 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2018		2,236		2,217
Additional paid-in capital		10,882,646		22,920,603
Retained earnings		14,477,257		
Treasury Stock				10,433,984
•	_	(91)		22.250.004
Total shareholders' equity		25,362,048		33,356,804
Noncontrolling interest		1,264,360	_	1,104,678
TOTAL EQUITY	<u></u>	26,626,408		34,461,482
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$	83,106,834	\$	82,476,407

HF FOODS GROUP INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	For the three months Ended September 30,			For the nine months Ende September 30, 2019 2018				
	_	2019	_	2018	_		_	
Net revenue - third parties	\$	70,568,373	\$	65,936,159	\$	211,520,517	\$	203,868,014
Net revenue - related parties		5,130,504	_	4,427,639	_	13,697,588	_	13,364,070
TOTAL NET REVENUE	_	75,698,877	_	70,363,798	_	225,218,105	_	217,232,084
Cost of revenue - third parties		58,598,428		53,471,081		174,634,207		167,372,145
Cost of revenue - related parties		4,908,301		4,330,030		13,172,741		13,069,453
TOTAL COST OF REVENUE		63,506,729		57,801,111		187,806,948		180,441,598
GROSS PROFIT		12,192,148		12,562,687		37,411,157		36,790,486
DISTRIBUTION, SELLING AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		9,969,785		10,385,563		31,428,998		31,725,945
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS		2,222,363		2,177,124		5,982,159		5,064,541
Other Income (Expenses)								
Interest income		113,930		333,072		418,397		346,822
Interest expense and bank charges		(482,099)		(270,049)		(1,207,217)		(1,024,762)
Other income		281,619		370,678		905,149		918,010
Total Other Income (Expenses), net		(86,550)		433,701	_	116,329		240,070
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX PROVISION		2,135,813		2,610,825		6,098,488		5,304,611
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES		607,142		840,147		1,715,532		1,542,207
NET INCOME		1,528,671		1,770,678		4,382,956		3,762,404
Less: net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest		181,106		103,600	_	339,683		(277,855)
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO HF FOODS GROUP INC.	\$	1,347,565	\$	1,667,078	\$	4,043,273	\$	4,040,259
Earnings per common share - basic and diluted	\$	0.06	\$	0.08	\$	0.18	\$	0.20
Weighted average shares - basic and diluted		22,258,557	_	21,364,256	_	22,198,290		20,434,639

HF FOODS GROUP INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY For the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (UNAUDITED)

	Ordinary Shares		Additional							
	Shares	Λ.	nount	Paid-in	Retained Earnings	SI	nareholders'	No	ncontrolling Interest	Total
Balance at December 31, 2018	22,167,486	\$	2,217	Capital \$ 22,920,603	\$10,433,984	\$	Equity 33,356,804	\$	1,104,678	Equity \$ 34,461,482
Net income	-	Ψ	_,,	-	1,672,813	Ψ	1,672,813	Ψ	120,759	1,793,572
Balance at March 31, 2019	22,167,486	\$	2,217	\$ 22,920,603	\$12,106,797	\$	35,029,617	\$	1,225,437	\$ 36,255,054
Net income	-		-	-	1,022,895		1,022,895		37,817	1,060,712
Distribution to shareholders	-		-	-	-		-		(90,000)	(90,000)
Balance at June 30, 2019	22,167,486	\$	2,217	\$ 22,920,603	\$13,129,692	\$	36,052,512	\$	1,173,254	\$ 37,225,766
Net income	-		-	-	1,347,565		1,347,565		181,107	1,528,672
Exercise of Stock Options	182,725		18	(18)	-		-		-	-
Treasury Stock	(905,115)		(91)	(12,037,939)	-		(12,038,030)		-	(12,038,030)
Distribution to shareholders	-		-	-	-		-		(90,000)	(90,000)
Balance at September 30, 2019	21,445,096	\$	2,144	\$ 10,882,646	\$14,477,257	\$	25,362,047	\$	1,264,361	\$ 26,626,408
Balance at December 31, 2017	19,969,831	\$	1,997	\$ 21,549,703	\$ 4,255,213	\$	25,806,913	\$	1,091,199	\$ 26,898,112
Net income	-		-	-	1,347,950		1,347,950		38,525	1,386,475
Distribution to shareholders			-	-	(180,089)		(180,089)		(89,911)	(270,000)
Balance at March 31, 2018	19,969,831	\$	1,997	\$ 21,549,703	\$ 5,423,074	\$	26,974,774	\$	1,039,813	\$ 28,014,587
Net income	-		-	-	1,025,231		1,025,231		(419,980)	605,251
Distribution to shareholders			-	-	(180,091)		(180,091)		(89,909)	(270,000)
Balance at June 30, 2018	19,969,831	\$	1,997	\$ 21,549,703	\$ 6,268,214	\$	27,819,914	\$	529,924	\$ 28,349,838
Net income	-		-	-	1,667,078		1,667,078		103,600	1,770,678
Effective of reverse acquisition	2,197,655		220	1,370,900	-		1,371,120		-	1,371,120
Distribution to shareholders	-		-	-	252,497		252,497		126,059	378,556
Balance at September 30, 2018	22,167,486	\$	2,217	\$ 22,920,603	\$ 8,187,789	\$	31,110,609	\$	759,583	\$ 31,870,192

HF FOODS GROUP INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ${\bf Ended\ September}$

		30,		-
		2019		2018
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net Income	\$	4,382,956	\$	3,762,404
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities		, ,		-, -, -
Depreciation and amortization expense		2,173,723		1,579,105
Gain from disposal of equipment		(68,626)		-
Provision of doubtful accounts		(50,090)		62,231
Deferred tax benefits		147,117		(168,868)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable, net		1,366,791		1,801,941
Accounts receivable - related parties, net		(385,352)		14,320
Inventories		(7,650,285)		(1,454,817)
Advances to suppliers, net		(367,072)		(215,820)
Advances to suppliers - related parties, net		536,343		2,573,416
Income tax recoverable		(448,512)		-
Other current assets		(291,864)		(421,424)
Other long-term assets		100,472		1,264,289
Accounts payable		1,254,651		96,141
Accounts payable - related parties		355,930		(928,457)
Advance from customers		696,890		374,072
Advance from customers - related parties		(166,490)		(1,000,575)
Income tax payable		13,343		(745,958)
Accrued expenses		(1,157,301)		1,890,258
Net cash provided by operating activities		442,624		8,482,258
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Cash acquired from acquisition of Atlantic Acquisition		-		5,550,298
Cash paid for redemption of Atlantic Acquisition's stock in connection of reverse acquisition		-		(4,120,000)
Purchase of property and equipment		(5,381,138)		(2,194,210)
Proceeds from disposal of equipment		275,699		-
Cash received from long-term notes receivable		290,071		-
Cash paid for issuance of long-term notes receivable		(108,750)		(2,559,469)
Cash received from long-term notes receivable to related parties		386,358		316,504
Cash paid for issuance of long-term notes receivable to related parties		(260,933)		(1,988,813)
Net cash used in investing activities	· <u></u>	(4,798,693)		(4,995,690)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from lines of credit		15,364,481		3,600,000
Repayment of lines of credit		(11,694,146)		(3,000,000)
Proceeds from long-term debt		6,100,878		3,745,048
Repayment of long-term debt		(3,605,740)		(4,965,264)
Repayment of capital lease		(315,393)		-
Cash distribution paid to shareholders		(180,000)		(1,161,445)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		5,670,080		(1,781,661)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Net increase in cash		1,314,011		1,704,907
Cash at beginning of the period		5,489,404		6,086,044
Cash at end of the period	\$	6,803,415	\$	7,790,951
Supplemental cash flow information				
Cash paid for interest	\$	1,021,687	\$	1,008,666
•	\$	1,692,927	\$	2,413,148
Cash paid for income taxes	J)	1,032,327	Ψ	4,410,140

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS DESCRIPTION

Organization and General

HF Foods Group Inc. ("HF Foods", or the "Company") markets and distributes fresh produces, frozen and dry food, and non-food products to primarily Asian/Chinese restaurants and other foodservice customers throughout the Southeast region of the United States.

The Company was originally incorporated in Delaware on May 19, 2016 as a special purpose acquisition company under the name Atlantic Acquisition Corp. ("Atlantic"), in order to acquire, through a merger, share exchange, asset acquisition, share purchase, recapitalization, reorganization or similar business combination with one or more businesses or entities.

Business Combination

Effective August 22, 2018, Atlantic consummated the transactions contemplated by a merger agreement (the "Merger Agreement"), dated as of March 28, 2018, by and among Atlantic, HF Group Merger Sub Inc., a Delaware subsidiary formed by Atlantic, HF Group Holding Corporation, a North Carolina corporation ("HF Holding"), the stockholders of HF Holding, and Zhou Min Ni, as representative of the stockholders of HF Holding. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, HF Holding merged with HF Merger Sub and HF Holding became the surviving entity (the "Merger") and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Atlantic (the "Acquisition"). Additionally, upon the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement (the "Closing"), (i) the stockholders of HF Holding became the holders of a majority of the shares of common stock of Atlantic, and (ii) Atlantic changed its name to HF Foods Group Inc. (Collectively, these transactions are referred to as the "Transactions").

At closing on August 22, 2018, Atlantic issued the HF Holding stockholders an aggregate of 19,969,831 shares of its common stock, equal to approximately 88.5% of the aggregate issued and outstanding shares of Atlantic's common stock. The pre-Transaction stockholders of Atlantic owned the remaining 11.5% of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of the combined entities.

Following the consummation of the Transactions on August 22, 2018, there were 22,567,486 shares of common stock issued and outstanding, consisting of (i) 19,969,831 shares issued to HF Holding's stockholders pursuant to the Merger Agreement, (ii) 10,000 restricted shares issued to one of Atlantic's shareholders in conjunction with the Transactions, pursuant to a pre-Transactions agreement, and (iii) 2,587,655 shares issued to the pre-Transaction stockholders of Atlantic. Following the consummation of the Transactions, 400,000 shares were sold back to the Company by one of Atlantic's pre-Transaction shareholders, pursuant to a pre-Transaction agreement.

The Acquisition is treated by Atlantic as a reverse business combination under the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). For accounting purposes, HF Holding is considered to be acquiring Atlantic in this transaction. Therefore, the aggregate consideration paid in connection with the business combination will be allocated to Atlantic's tangible and intangible assets and liabilities based on their fair market values. The assets and liabilities and results of operations of Atlantic will be consolidated into the results of operations of HF Holding as of the completion of the business combination.

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS DESCRIPTION [CONTINUED]

Reorganization of HF Group

HF Holding was incorporated in the State of North Carolina on October 11, 2017. Effective January 1, 2018, HF Holding entered into a Contribution Agreement (the "Agreement") whereby the controlling shareholders of the following 11 entities contributed their respective stocks to HF Holding in exchange for all of HF Holding's outstanding shares. Upon completion of the share exchanges, these entities became either wholly-owned or majority-owned subsidiaries of HF Holding (hereafter collectively referred to as "HF Group").

- Han Feng, Inc. ("Han Feng")
- Truse Trucking, Inc. ("TT")
- Morning First Delivery ("MFD")
- R&N Holdings, LLC ("R&N Holdings")
- R&N Lexington, LLC ("R&N Lexington")
- Kirnsway Manufacturing Inc. ("Kirnsway")
- Chinesetg, Inc. ("Chinesetg")
- New Southern Food Distributors, Inc. ("NSF")
- B&B Trucking Services, Inc. ("BB")
- Kirnland Food Distribution, Inc. ("Kirnland")
- HG Realty LLC ("HG Realty")

In accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 805-50-25, the transaction consummated through the Agreement has been accounted for as a transaction among entities under common control since the same shareholders control all these 11 entities prior to the execution of the Agreement.

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS DESCRIPTION ☐ CONTINUED ☐

Reorganization of HF Group [Continued [

The following table summarizes the entities under HF Group after the above-mentioned reorganization:

			Percentage Of Legal	
	Date Of	Place Of	Ownership By	
Name	Incorporation	Incorporation	HF Holding	Principal Activities
Parent:				
HF Holding	October 11, 2017	North Carolina, USA	_	Holding Company
Subsidiaries:				
				Distributing food and
Han Feng	January 14, 1997	North Carolina, USA		related products
TT	August 06, 2002	North Carolina, USA	100%	Trucking service
MFD	April 15, 1999	North Carolina, USA	100%	Trucking service
R&N Holdings	November 21, 2002	North Carolina, USA	100%	Real estate holding
R&N Lexington	May 27, 2010	North Carolina, USA	100%	Real estate holding
				Design and printing
Kirnsway	May 24, 2006	North Carolina, USA	100%	services
				Design and printing
Chinesetg	July 12, 2011	North Carolina, USA	100%	services
				Distributing food and
NSF	December 17, 2008	Florida, USA	100%	related products
BB	September 12, 2001	Florida, USA	100%	Trucking service
				Distributing food and
Kirnland	April 11, 2006	Georgia, USA	66.7%	related products
HG Realty	May 11, 2012	Georgia, USA	100%	Real estate holding

On June 5, 2018, AnHeart Inc. ("AnHeart") was incorporated and 100% owned by HF Holding. On February 23, 2019, HF Holding transferred all of its ownership interest in AnHeart to Jianping An, a resident of New York. AnHeart had no activities since inception other than being formed solely to enter into lease agreements for two premises in New York City, NY (Note 8).

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of HF Holding and its subsidiaries. All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial information as of September 30, 2019 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 have been prepared, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Certain information and footnote disclosures, which are normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, have been omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations. The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial information should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (which include normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present a fair presentation of the Company's financial position as of September 30, 2019, its results of operations and its cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, as applicable, have been made. The unaudited interim results of operations are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full fiscal year or any future periods.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Noncontrolling interests

U.S. GAAP requires that noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries and affiliates be reported in the equity section of a company's balance sheet. In addition, the amounts attributable to the net income (loss) of those subsidiaries are reported separately in the consolidated statements of income.

Uses of estimates

The preparation of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during each reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant accounting estimates reflected in the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the allowances for doubtful accounts, estimated useful lives and fair value in connection with the impairment of property and equipment. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three or fewer months to be cash equivalents. As of September 30, 2019, and December 31, 2018, the Company had no cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable represent amounts due from customers in the ordinary course of business and are recorded at the invoiced amount and do not bear interest. Receivables are presented net of the allowance for doubtful accounts in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company evaluates the collectability of its accounts receivable and determines the appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts based on a combination of factors. When the Company is aware of a customer's inability to meet its financial obligation, a specific allowance for doubtful accounts is recorded, reducing the receivable to the net amount the Company reasonably expects to collect. In addition, allowances are recorded for all other receivables based on historic collection trends, write-offs and the aging of receivables. The Company uses specific criteria to determine uncollectible receivables to be written off, including bankruptcy, accounts referred to outside parties for collection, and accounts past due over specified periods. As of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the allowances for doubtful accounts were \$576,349 and \$658,104, respectively.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Inventories

The Company's inventories, consisting mainly of food and other food service-related products, are primarily considered as finished goods. Inventory costs, including the purchase price of the product and freight charges to deliver it to the Company's warehouses, are net of certain cash or non-cash consideration received from vendors. The Company assesses the need for valuation allowances for slow-moving, excess and obsolete inventories by estimating the net recoverable value of such goods based upon inventory category, inventory age, specifically identified items, and overall economic conditions. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. No inventory reserves were recorded as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Following are the estimated useful lives of the Company's property and equipment:

Estimated useful lives

Buildings and improvements (in years)	7 - 39
Machinery and equipment (in years)	3 - 7
Motor vehicles (in years)	5

Repair and maintenance costs are charged to expense as incurred, whereas the cost of renewals and betterment that extends the useful lives of property, plant and equipment are capitalized as additions to the related assets. Retirements, sales and disposals of assets are recorded by removing the cost and accumulated depreciation from the asset and accumulated depreciation accounts with any resulting gain or loss reflected in the consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income in other income or expenses.

Impairment of Long-lived Assets

The Company assesses its long-lived assets such as property and equipment for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Factors which may indicate potential impairment include a significant underperformance related to the historical or projected future operating results or a significant negative industry or economic trend. Recoverability of these assets is measured by comparison of their carrying amounts to future undiscounted cash flows the assets are expected to generate. If property and equipment are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized equals the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds their fair value. The Company did not record any impairment loss on its long-lived assets as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Business Combinations

The Company accounts for business combinations under Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 805 "Business Combinations" using the acquisition method of accounting, and accordingly, the assets and liabilities of the acquired business are recorded at their fair values at the date of acquisition. The excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair value is recorded as goodwill. All acquisition costs are expensed as incurred. Upon acquisition, the accounts and results of operations are consolidated as of and subsequent to the acquisition date.

Revenue recognition

The Company recognizes revenue from the sale of products when title and risk of loss passes and the customer accepts the goods, which generally occurs at delivery. Sales taxes invoiced to customers and remitted to government authorities are excluded from net sales.

On January 1, 2018 the Company adopted Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (FASB ASC Topic 606) using the modified retrospective method for contracts that were not completed as of January 1, 2018. The results of applying Topic 606 using the modified retrospective approach were insignificant and did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, business process, controls or systems.

The core principle underlying the revenue recognition ASU is that the Company will recognize revenue to represent the transfer of goods and services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in such exchange. This will require the Company to identify contractual performance obligations and determine whether revenue should be recognized at a point in time or over time, based on when control of goods and services transfers to a customer. The majority of the Company's contracts have one single performance obligation as the promise to transfer the individual goods is not separately identifiable from other promises in the contracts and is, therefore, not distinct. The Company's revenue streams are recognized at a point in time.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

The contract assets and contract liabilities are recorded on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets as accounts receivable and advance from customers as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018. For the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, revenue recognized from performance obligations related to prior periods was insignificant.

Revenue expected to be recognized in any future periods related to remaining performance obligations is insignificant. The following table summarizes disaggregated revenue from contracts with customers by geographic locations:

		For the Three Months Ended			
	S	eptember 30, 2019	September 30, 2018		
North Carolina	\$	36,813,987	33,693,974		
Florida		22,833,584	21,156,747		
Georgia		16,051,306	15,513,077		
Total	\$	75,698,877	70,363,798		
		For the Nine I	Months Ended		
	S	eptember 30, 2019	September 30, 2018		
North Carolina	\$	107,698,700	103,262,880		
Florida		68,717,635	66,282,082		
Georgia	_	48,801,770	47,687,122		
Total	\$	225,218,105	217,232,084		

Shipping and handling costs

Shipping and handling costs, which include costs related to the selection of products and their delivery to customers, are presented in distribution, selling and administrative expenses. Shipping and handling costs were \$3,093,138 and \$3,615,470 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, and \$1,014,288 and \$791,016 for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Income taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability method, which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements. Under this method, the Company determines deferred tax assets and liabilities on the basis of the differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities by using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The effect of a change in tax rates on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets to the extent that it believes that these assets are more likely than not to be realized. In making such a determination, the Company considers all available positive and negative evidence, including future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, projected future taxable income, tax-planning strategies, and results of recent operations. If the Company determines that it would be able to realize its deferred tax assets in the future in excess of their net recorded amount, the Company would make an adjustment to the deferred tax asset valuation allowance, which would reduce the provision for income taxes.

The Company records uncertain tax positions in accordance with ASC 740 on the basis of a two-step process in which (1) the Company determines whether it is more likely than not that the tax positions will be sustained on the basis of the technical merits of the position and (2) for those tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold, the Company recognizes the largest amount of tax benefit that is more than 50 percent likely to be realized upon ultimate settlement with the related tax authority. The Company does not believe that there were any uncertain tax positions at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases

On January 1, 2019 the Company adopted Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-02. For all leases that were entered into prior to the effective date of ASC 842, the Company elected to apply the package of practical expedients. Based on this guidance the Company will not reassess the following: (1) whether any expired or existing contracts are or contain leases; (2) the lease classification for any expired or existing leases; and (3) initial direct costs for any existing leases. The new standard was adopted in the current quarter and did not have a material impact on our consolidated balance sheets or on our consolidated income statements.

The adoption of Topic 842 resulted in the presentation of \$75,169 of operating lease assets and operating lease liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2019. See Note 8 for additional information.

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Operating leases are included in operating lease right-of-use ("ROU") assets, current portion of obligations under operating leases, and obligations under operating leases, non-current on our consolidated balance sheets. Finance leases are included in property and equipment, net, current portion of obligations under capital leases, and obligations under capital leases, non-current on our consolidated balance sheets.

Operating lease ROU assets and operating lease liabilities are recognized based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term at commencement date. As most of our leases do not provide an implicit rate, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of future payments. The operating lease ROU asset also includes any lease payments made and excludes lease incentives and initial direct costs incurred. Our lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise that option. Lease expense for minimum lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Earnings per Share

The Company computes earnings per share ("EPS") in accordance with ASC 260, "Earnings per Share" ("ASC 260"). ASC 260 requires companies with complex capital structures to present basic and diluted EPS. Basic EPS is measured as net income divided by the weighted average common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS is similar to basic EPS but presents the dilutive effect on a per share basis of potential common shares (e.g., convertible securities, options and warrants) as if they had been converted at the beginning of the periods presented, or issuance date, if later. Potential common shares that have an anti-dilutive effect (i.e., those that increase income per share or decrease loss per share) are excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS. There is no anti-dilutive effect for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018.

Fair value of financial instruments

The Company follows the provisions of FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. ASC 820 clarifies the definition of fair value, prescribes methods for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy to classify the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities available at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, and inputs derived from or corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Inputs are unobservable inputs which reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions on what assumptions the market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best available information.

The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheets for cash, accounts receivable, advances to suppliers, other current assets, accounts payable, income tax payable, advance from customers, accrued expenses approximate their fair value based on the short-term maturity of these instruments.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Concentrations and credit risk

Credit risk

Accounts receivable are typically unsecured and derived from revenue earned from customers, thereby exposed to credit risk. The risk is mitigated by the Company's assessment of its customers' creditworthiness and its ongoing monitoring of outstanding balances.

Concentration risk

There were no receivables from any one customer representing more than 10% of the Company's consolidated gross accounts receivable at September 30, 2019 or December 31, 2018.

For the nine and three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, no supplier accounted for more than 10% of the total cost of revenue. As of September 30, 2019, two suppliers accounted for 47% and 14% of total advance payments outstanding, respectively, and these two suppliers accounted for 77% and 23% of advance payments to related parties, respectively. As of December 31, 2018, three suppliers accounted for 55%, 18% and 12% of total advance payments outstanding, respectively, and these three suppliers accounted for 65%, 22% and 14% of advance payments to related parties, respectively.

Recent accounting pronouncements

In July 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-11, Earnings Per Share (Topic 260), Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity (Topic 480), and Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815). The guidance of Part I is to clarify accounting for certain financial instruments with down round feature in a financial instrument that reduces the strike price of an issued financial instrument if the issuer sells shares of its stock for an amount less than the currently stated strike price of the issued financial instrument. For freestanding equity classified financial instruments, the amendments require entities that present earnings per share (EPS) in accordance with Topic 260 to recognize the effect of the down round feature when it is triggered. That effect is treated as a dividend and as a reduction of income available to common shareholders in basic EPS. Convertible instruments with embedded conversion options that have down round features are now subject to the specialized guidance for contingent beneficial conversion features. The amendments also re-characterize the indefinite deferral of certain provisions of Topic 480 that now are presented as pending content in the Codification, to a scope exception. Those amendments do not have an accounting effect. The amendments in Part I of ASU No. 2017-11 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. Early adoption is permitted for all entities, including adoption in an interim period. The amendments in Part II of this Update do not require any transition guidance because those amendments do not have an accounting effect. The Company has not early adopted this update and it will become effective on January 1, 2020. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2017-11 on its consolidated financial statements and does not expect that the adoption of this guidance will have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-02, "Income Statement—Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income". The amendments eliminate the stranded tax effects resulting from the United States Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Act") and will improve the usefulness of information reported to financial statement users. ASU No. 2018-02 is effective for all entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years. This update became effective for the Company on January 1, 2019. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

Accounts receivable consisted of the following:

	S	As of eptember 30, 2019	De	As of ecember 31, 2018
Accounts receivable	\$	13,666,124	\$	15,064,580
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts		(576,349)		(658,104)
Accounts receivable, net	\$	13,089,775	\$	14,406,476
	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, September 30, 2019 2018			
	S			
Beginning balance	\$	eptember 30,		ptember 30,
Beginning balance Provision (reversal) for doubtful accounts		eptember 30, 2019	Se	eptember 30, 2018
		eptember 30, 2019 658,104	Se	eptember 30, 2018 567,108

NOTE 4 - NOTES RECEIVABLE

On September 30, 2018, the Company entered into a line of credit promissory note agreement with Feilong Trading, Inc, which is a supplier to the Company. Pursuant to the promissory note agreement, Feilong Trading, Inc could borrow up to \$4,000,000 from time to time. The note bears interest at the rate of 5% per annum on the unpaid balance, compounded monthly. On September 30, 2019, the entire outstanding balance of \$3,622,505 was sold to Mr. Zhou Min Ni. Accordingly, Mr. Zhou Min Ni has delivered to HF Group Holding Corp. 272,369 shares of common stock of the Company at \$13.30 per share, which were recorded in treasury stock by the Company as of September 30, 2019. In connection with the sale of this notes receivable, the Company also required additional 89,882 shares of common stock of the Company owned by Mr. Ni being placed in an escrow account for a period of one year (the "Escrow Period"), which will be delivered to the Company in part or in full, if the weighted average closing price of the Company's common stock for the 250-trading-day period immediately preceding the expiration of the Escrow Period is less than \$13.30.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment, net consisted of the following:

	Se	As of ptember 30, 2019	D	As of ecember 31, 2018
Land	\$	1,894,253	\$	1,608,647
Buildings and improvements		22,201,597		18,784,628
Machinery and equipment		9,587,840		10,160,205
Motor vehicles		11,454,793		10,267,095
Subtotal		45,138,483		40,820,575
Less: accumulated depreciation		(18,042,272)		(18,170,554)
Property and equipment, net	\$	27,096,211	\$	22,650,021

Depreciation expense was \$2,160,538 and \$1,579,105 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and \$731,731 and \$537,443 for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

NOTE 6 - LINES OF CREDIT

On July 1, 2016, Han Feng, the Company's main operating entity, entered into a line of credit agreement with East West Bank. The line of credit agreement provided for a revolving credit of \$14,500,000. The line of credit was secured by virtually all assets of Han Feng, premises and an adjoining undeveloped parcel of land owned by R&N Holding, and premises owned by R&N Lexington. The principal and all accrued unpaid interest were originally due in May 2018 and was extended to May 27, 2019, to provide uninterrupted credit facility while the renewal of the line of credit is being reviewed by the bank. Interest is based on the prime rate less 0.15%, but in no event less than 3.25% per annum, and is payable monthly. On April 18, 2019, this \$5,156,018 obligation was repaid in full with proceeds from the Credit Agreement with East West Bank entered into on April 18, 2019, as described below.

NOTE 6 - LINES OF CREDIT (CONTINUED)

On April 18, 2019, the Company, Han Feng, NSF and Kirnland entered into a Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with East West Bank. The Credit Agreement provides for a \$25 million secured line of credit facility available to be used in one or more revolving loans to the Company's domestic subsidiaries that are parties to the Credit Agreement for working capital and general corporate purposes. Han Feng, NSF and Kirnland (the "Borrower Subsidiaries") are the borrowers and the Company and each of its other material subsidiaries are guarantors of all the obligations under the Credit Agreement. The line of credit matures on August 18, 2021. Contemporaneously with the execution of the Credit Agreement, existing senior debt of the Borrower Subsidiaries in the amount of \$6,111,692 was paid from revolving loans drawn on the line of credit. Under the Credit Agreement, the Borrower subsidiaries will pay interest on the principal amounts drawn on the line of credit at a rate per annum equal to (a) 0.375% below the Prime Rate in effect from time to time, or (b) 2.20% above the LIBOR Rate in effect from time to time, depending on the rate elected at the time a borrowing request is made, but in no event shall the interest rate of any revolving loan at any time be less than 4.214% per annum (4.625% at September 30, 2019). The outstanding balance on the line of credit at September 30, 2019 was \$11,864,481. The line of credit agreement contains certain financial covenants which, among other things, require Han Feng to maintain certain financial ratios. As of September 30, 2019, the Company was in compliance with such covenants. On November 4, 2019, the line of credit was paid off from borrowings under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement entered into in connection with the closing of the merger with B&R Global Holdings, Inc. ("B&R") (Note 14). The outstanding balance paid off including accrued interest was \$13,864,481.

On November 14, 2012, NSF, another operating entity, entered into a line of credit agreement with Bank of America. The line of credit agreement provided for a revolving credit of \$4,000,000. The line of credit was secured by three real properties owned by NSF, and guaranteed by the two shareholders of the Company, as well as BB, a subsidiary of the Company. The maximum borrowings are determined by certain percentages of eligible accounts receivable and inventories. The principal and all accrued unpaid interest were originally due in January 2018 and subsequently extended to February 2020. Interest is based on the LIBOR rate plus 2.75%. On April 18, 2019, this \$954,984 obligation was paid off in full with proceeds from the Credit Agreement with East West Bank entered into on April 18, 2019, as described above.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 is as follows:

Bank name	Maturity	Interest rate at September 30, 2019	As of September 30, 2019	As of December 31, 2018
East West Bank – (b)	August 2022 - September 2029		\$ 8,600,471	\$ 5,053,539
Capital Bank – (c)	October 2027	3.85%	5,014,605	5,138,988
Bank of America – (d)	April 2021 - February 2023	5.07% - 5.51%	1,043,073	1,363,211
BMO Harris Bank – (e)	April 2022 - January 2024	5.87% - 5.99%	552,764	2,256,724
Peoples United Bank – (e)	March 2019-January 2023	5.75% - 7.53%	1,245,857	752,833
Other finance companies	April 2023 - March 2024	5.95% - 6.17%	603,663	-
Total debt			17,060,433	14,565,295
Less: current portion			(1,650,898)	(1,455,441)
Long-term debt			\$ 15,409,535	\$ 13,109,854

The terms of the various loan agreements relating to long-term bank borrowings contain certain restrictive financial covenants which, among other things, require the Company to maintain specified levels of debt to tangible net worth and debt service coverage. As of September 30, 2019, and December 31, 2018, the Company was in compliance with such covenants. On November 4, 2019, one of the East West Bank term loans was paid off from borrowings under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement entered into in connection with the closing of the merger with B&R (Note 14). The outstanding balance paid off including accrued interest was \$1,561,126.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The loans outstanding were guaranteed by the following properties, entities or individuals:

- (a) Not collateralized or guaranteed.
- (b) Guaranteed by the Company, nine subsidiaries of the Company, TT, MFD, R&N Holding, R&N Lexington, Kirnsway, Chinesetg, BB, Kirnland and HG Realty, and by two shareholders of the Company. Secured by assets of Han Feng, New Southern Foods, R&N Lexington and R&N Holding, two real properties of R&N Holding, two real properties of New Southern Foods, and a real property of R&N Lexington. Balloon payments of these long-term debts are \$6,590,710.
- (c) Guaranteed by two shareholders of the Company, as well as Han Feng, a subsidiary of the Company. Secured by a real property owned by HG Realty. Balloon payment of this long-term debt is \$3,116,687.
- (d) Guaranteed by two shareholders of the Company, as well as two subsidiaries of the Company, NSF and BB. Secured by vehicles.
- (e) Secured by vehicles.

The future maturities of long-term debt at September 30, 2019 are as follows:

Twelve months ending September 30,

2020	\$ 1,650,898
2021	1,512,541
2022	2,641,941
2023	833,393
2024	517,687
Thereafter	 9,903,973
Total	\$ 17,060,433

NOTE 8 - LEASES

The Company has operating and finance leases for vehicles or delivery trucks, forklifts and computer equipment with various expiration dates through 2021. The Company determines whether an arrangement is or includes an embedded lease at contract inception.

Operating lease assets and lease liabilities are recognized at commencement date and initially measured based on the present value of lease payments over the defined lease term. Lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. For finance leases, the Company also recognizes a finance lease asset and finance lease liability at inception, with lease expense recognized as interest expense and amortization of the lease payment.

Operating Leases

The components of lease expense were as follows:

		ree Months Ended tember 30, 2019		ne Months Ended tember 30, 2019
Operating lease cost	\$	184,002	\$	476,262
Supplemental cash flow information related to leases was as follows:				
		ree Months Ended tember 30, 2019		ne Months Ended tember 30, 2019
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:				
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$	184,002	\$	476,262
Supplemental balance sheet information related to leases was as follows:				
		As of September 3 2019	80,	
Operating Leases	•			
		<u> </u>		
Operating lease right-of-use assets		\$ 7:	5,169	
Operating lease right-of-use assets				
Operating lease right-of-use assets Current portion of obligations under operating leases		\$ 40	0,155 5,014	
Operating lease right-of-use assets		\$ 40 33	0,155	
Operating lease right-of-use assets Current portion of obligations under operating leases Obligations under operating leases, non-current Total operating lease liabilities		\$ 40 33	0,155 5,014	
Operating lease right-of-use assets Current portion of obligations under operating leases Obligations under operating leases, non-current		\$ 40 33	0,155 5,014	
Operating lease right-of-use assets Current portion of obligations under operating leases Obligations under operating leases, non-current Total operating lease liabilities Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term (Months)		\$ 40 33	0,155 5,014 5,169	

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NOTE 8 – LEASES (CONTINUED)

Capital Leases
The components of lease expense were as follows:

	Three Mo	nths Ended
	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018
Capital leases cost:		
Amortization of right-of-use assets	\$ 139,686	\$ 64,895
Interest on lease liabilities	25,697	11,041
Total capital leases cost	<u>\$ 165,383</u>	\$ 75,936
		nths Ended
	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018
Capital leases cost:		
Amortization of right-of-use assets	\$ 431,444	\$ 194,685
Interest on lease liabilities	86,303	44,593
Total capital leases cost	<u>\$ 517,747</u>	\$ 239,278
Supplemental cash flow information related to leases was as follows:		
		nths Ended
	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:		
Operating cash flows from capital leases	86,303	44,593
Financing cash flows from capital leases	315,393	319,637
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations:		
Capital leases	1,432,662	-
17		

NOTE 8 - LEASES (CONTINUED)

2024

Thereafter

Total Lease Payments

Less Imputed Interest

Supplemental balance sheet information related to leases was as follows:

		Sept	ember 30, Do 2019		ember 31, 2018
Capital Leases					
Property and equipment, at cost		\$	2,793,731	\$	1,484,911
Accumulated depreciation			(1,153,443)		(810,753)
Property and equipment, net		\$	1,640,288	\$	674,158
Current portion of obligations under capital leases		\$	262,904	\$	164,894
Obligations under capital leases, non-current			1,139,964		120,705
Total capital leases liabilities		\$	1,402,868	\$	285,599
Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term (Months)					
Capital leases			57		27
Weighted Average Discount Rate					
Capital leases			7.50%)	8.05%
Maturities of lease liabilities were as follows					
	Operating		Capital	1	
Twelve months ending September 30	Leases		Leases		
2020	\$	42,238	\$ 3	373,715	
2021		26,043	3	370,309	
2022		11,641	3	335,812	
2023		-	3	31,070	

On July 2, 2018, AnHeart entered into two separate leases for two buildings located in Manhattan, New York, at 273 Fifth Avenue and 275 Fifth Avenue, for 30 years and 15 years, respectively, which are net leases, meaning that AnHeart is required to pay all costs associated with the buildings, including utilities, maintenance and repairs. HF Holding provided a guaranty for all rent and related costs of the leases, including costs associated with the construction of a two-story structure at 273 Fifth Avenue and rehabilitation of the building at 275 Fifth Avenue.

253,056 40,378

1,704,340

1,402,868

(301,472)

79,922

(4,753)

75,169

On February 23, 2019, the Company executed an agreement to transfer all of its ownership interest in AnHeart to Jianping An, a resident of New York for a sum of \$20,000. The transfer of ownership was complete on May 2, 2019. However, the transfer of ownership does not release HF Holding's guaranty of AnHeart's obligations or liabilities under the original lease agreements. Under the terms of the sale of shares, AnHeart has executed a security agreement which provides a security interest in AnHeart assets and a covenant that the Company will be assigned the leases if AnHeart defaults. Further, AnHeart has tendered an unconditional guaranty of all AnHeart liabilities arising from the leases, in favor of the Company, executed by Minsheng Pharmaceutical Group Company, Ltd., a Chinese manufacturer and distributor of herbal medicines.

NOTE 9 - TAXES

A. Corporate Income Taxes ("CIT")

Prior to January 1, 2018, Han Feng, TT, MFD, Kirnsway, Chinesetg, NSF and BB elected under the Internal Revenue Code to be S corporations. R&N Holdings, R&N Lexington and HG Realty are formed as partnerships. An S corporation or partnership is considered a flow-through entity and is generally not subject to federal or state income tax on the corporate level. In lieu of corporate income taxes, the stockholders and members of these entities are taxed on their proportionate share of the entities' taxable income. Kirnland did not elect to be treated as an S corporation and is the only entity that is subject to corporate income taxes under this report.

Effective January 1, 2018, all of the above-listed S corporation and partnership entities have been converted to C corporations and will be taxed at the corporate level going forward. Accordingly, the Company shall account for income taxes of all these entities under ASC 740.

On December 22, 2017, the U.S. enacted the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Act"), which significantly changed U.S. tax law. The Act lowered the Company's U.S. statutory federal income tax rate from 35% to 21% effective January 1, 2018, while also imposing a deemed repatriation tax on deferred foreign income. The Act also created a new minimum tax on certain future foreign earnings. The Company expects the new federal income tax rate will significantly lower the Company's income tax expenses going forward. The Company does not expect the repatriation tax and new minimum tax on certain future foreign earnings to have any impact on the Company's operations since it currently has no foreign income and does not expect to generate any foreign income in the future.

(i) The Income tax provision (benefit) of the Company for the nine and three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 consists of the following:

		For the nine months ended			
	Septe	mber 30, 2019	September 30, 20		
Current:					
Federal	\$	1,184,630	\$	1,345,253	
State		383,782		365,822	
Current income tax provision		1,568,412		1,711,075	
Deferred:					
Federal		159,162		(120,728)	
State		(12,042)		(48,140)	
Deferred income tax benefit		147,120		(168,868)	
Total income tax provision	\$	1,715,532	\$	1,542,207	
		For the three	months	ended	
	Septe	mber 30, 2019	Septer	mber 30, 2018	
Current:		_			
Federal	\$	260,656	\$	360,016	
State		101,534		124,118	
Current income tax provision		362,190	-	484,134	
Deferred:				_	
Federal		217,292		309,176	
State		27,660		46,837	
Deferred income tax provision		244,952		356,013	
Total income tax provision	\$	607,142	\$	840,147	
19					

NOTE 9 - TAXES

A. Corporate Income Taxes ("CIT") (Continued)

(ii) Temporary differences and carryforwards of the Company that created significant deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

		As of September 30, 2019		September 30,		September 30,		September 30,		September 30,		September 30,		September 30,		September 30,		September 30,		September 30,		September 30,		As of December 31, 2018
Deferred tax assets:																								
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	143,271	\$	165,083																				
Inventories		155,185		113,730																				
State NOL		16,315		-																				
Section 481(a) adjustment		-		40,317																				
Other accrued expenses		231,791		46,750																				
Total deferred tax assets		546,562		365,880																				
Deferred tax liabilities:																								
Property and equipment		(1,771,807)		(1,444,008)																				
Net deferred tax liabilities	\$	(1,225,245)	\$	(1,078,128)																				

The net deferred tax liabilities presented in the Company's consolidated balance sheets were as follows:

	Se	As of eptember 30, 2019	As of December 31, 2018
Deferred tax assets	\$	81,385	\$ 117,933
Deferred tax liabilities		(1,306,630)	(1,196,061)
Net deferred tax liabilities	\$	(1,225,245)	\$ (1,078,128)

(iii) Reconciliations of the statutory income tax rate to the effective income tax rate are as follows:

	For the nine mo	nths ended
	September 30,	September 30,
	2019	2018
Federal statutory tax rate	21.0%	21.0%
State statutory tax rate	4.8%	4.7%
U.S. permanent difference	3.4%	1.2%
Others	(1.0)%	2.1%
Effective tax rate	28.2%	29.0%

NOTE 10 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company records transactions with various related parties. These related party transactions as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and, 2018 are identified as follows:

Related party balances:

a. Accounts receivable - related parties, net

Below is a summary of accounts receivable with related parties as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively:

Name of Related Party	As of September 2019	30	As of December 31, 2018
(a) Allstate Trading Company Inc.	\$	7,816 \$	1,000
(b) Enson Seafood GA Inc. (formerly "GA-GW Seafood, Inc.")	1:	24,159	255,412
(c) Eagle Food Service LLC	1,22	27,643	817,275
(d) Fortune One Foods Inc.	1	55,173	130,314
(e) Eastern Fresh LLC	80	01,254	784,836
(f) Enson Trading LLC	19	94,504	170,633
(g) Hengfeng Food Service Inc.		75,347	83,654
(h) Enson Philadelphia Inc.		-	49,027
(i) N&F Logistic, Inc.	!	91,757	-
(j) Golden Poultry.		(150)	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 2,67	77,503 \$	2,292,151

- (a) Mr. Zhou Min Ni, the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, owns a 40% equity interest in this entity;
- (b) Mr. Zhou Min Ni owns a 50% equity interest in this entity.
- (c) Tina Ni, one of Mr. Zhou Min Ni's family members, owns a 50% equity interest in this entity.
- (d) Mr. Zhou Min Ni owns a 17.5% equity interest in this entity.
- (e) Mr. Zhou Min Ni owns a 30% equity interest in this entity.
- (f) Mr. Zhou Min Ni owns a 25% equity interest in this entity.
- (g) Mr. Zhou Min Ni owns a 45% equity interest in this entity.
- (h) Mr. Zhou Min Ni owns a 25% equity interest in this entity.
- (i) Mr. Zhou Min Ni owns a 25% equity interest in this entity.
- (j) Mr. Zhou Min Ni owns a 40% equity interest in this entity.

All accounts receivable from these related parties are current and considered fully collectible. No allowance is deemed necessary.

b. Advances to suppliers - related parties, net

The Company periodically provides purchase advances to various vendors, including the related party suppliers. These advances are made in the normal course of business and are considered fully realizable.

Below is a summary of advances to related party suppliers as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively:

	S	As of eptember 30,			
Name of Related Party	0.	2019		2018	
(1) Ocean Pacific Seafood Group	\$	224,979	\$	208,960	
(2) Revolution Industry LLC		765,160		329,394	
(3) First Choice Seafood Inc.		-		988,128	
Total	\$	990,139	\$	1,526,482	

- (1) Mr. Zhou Min Ni owns a 25% equity interest in this entity.
- (2) The son of Mr. Zhou Min N, Raymond Ni, owns 100% of Revolution Industry LLC.
- (3) First Choice Seafood is owned by Enson Seafood GA Inc. of which Mr. Zhou Min Ni owns a 50% equity interest.

NOTE 10 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

c. Notes receivable - related parties

The Company had previously made advances or loans to certain entities that are either owned by the controlling shareholders of the Company or family members of the controlling shareholders.

As of September 30, 2019, and December 31, 2018, the outstanding loans to various related parties consist of the following:

Name of Related Party	As of September 30, 2019	,	1	As of December 31, 2018
Enson Seafood GA Inc. (formerly "GA-GW Seafood, Inc.")	\$	-	\$	1,987,241
NSG International Inc. ("NSG") (1)				6,092,397
Revolution Automotive LLC ("Revolution Automotive") (2)				461,311
Total	\$	_	\$	8,540,949
Less: Current portion	\$	_	\$	8,117,686
Total	\$	-	\$	423,263

- (1) Mr. Zhou Min Ni owns a 30% equity interest in this entity.
- (2) The son of Mr. Zhou Min Ni, Raymond Ni, owns 100% of Revolution Automotive LLC.

On January 1, 2018, the Company signed a promissory note agreement with Enson Seafood. Pursuant to the promissory note agreement, the outstanding balances of \$550,000 due from Enson Seafood as of December 31, 2017 were converted into promissory notes bearing annual interest of 5% commencing January 1, 2018. The principal plus interest is due no later than December 31, 2019. Interest is computed on the outstanding balance on the basis of the actual number of days elapsed in a year of 360 days.

On September 30, 2018, the Company signed a promissory note agreement with Enson Seafood in the principal amount of \$2,000,000. The note accrues interest at the rate of 5% per annum on the unpaid balance, compounded monthly. The principal plus all accrued and unpaid interest was initially due no later than September 30, 2019, with an option to renew, and required Enson Seafood to make monthly payments of \$171,215 for 12 months. On March 1, 2019, the Company and Enson Seafood extended the expiration date of the note until February 29, 2024 and Mr. Zhou Min Ni agreed to personally guarantee the note.

On January 1, 2018, the Company signed a promissory note agreement with NSG. Pursuant to the promissory note agreement, the outstanding balances of \$5,993,552 due from NSG as of December 31, 2017 were converted into promissory notes bearing annual interest of 5% commencing January 1, 2018. The principal plus interest shall be paid off no later than December 31, 2019. Interest is computed on the outstanding balance on the basis of the actual number of days elapsed in a year of 360 days.

On March 1, 2019 the Company signed a new five year-term promissory note agreement with NSG that comprised a restatement and novation and superseded the note dated January 1, 2018. Pursuant to the new promissory note agreement, the outstanding balance of \$5,941,031 together with interest at the rate of 5% per annum is payable in monthly installments until principal and accrued interest is paid in full March 1, 2024.

On March 1, 2018, the Company signed promissory note agreement with Revolution Automotive for \$483,628. Pursuant to the promissory note agreement, Revolution Automotive will make monthly payments of \$5,000 for 60 months, including interest, with final payment of \$284,453. The loan bears interest of 5% per annum. Interest is computed on the outstanding balance on the basis of the actual number of days elapsed in a year of 360 days. The principal plus interest shall be paid off no later than April 30, 2023.

On March 1, 2019, the Company and each of Enson Seafood and NSG agreed to extend the expiration date of their notes payable to February 29, 2024 and Mr. Zhou Min Ni agreed to personally guarantee these notes.

On September 30, 2019, the entire outstanding balance of the above notes of \$8,415,525 was sold to Mr. Zhou Min Ni . Accordingly, Mr. Zhou Min Ni has delivered to HF Group Holding Corp. 632,746 shares of common stock of the Company at \$13.30 per share, which were recorded in treasury stock by the Company as of September 30, 2019. In connection with the sale of the above notes, the Company also required additional 208,806 shares of common stock of the Company owned by Mr. Ni being placed in an escrow account for a period of one year (the "Escrow Period"), which will be delivered to the Company in part or in full, if the volume weighted average closing price of the Company's common stock for the 250-trading-day period immediately preceding the expiration of the Escrow Period is less than \$13.30.

d. Accounts payable - related parties

As of September 30, 2019, and December 31, 2018, the Company had a total accounts payable balance of \$4,279,050 and \$3,923,120 due to various related parties, respectively. All these accounts payable to related parties occurred in the ordinary course of business and are payable upon demand without interest.

NOTE 10 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

e. Advance from customers - related parties

The Company also periodically receives advances from its related parties for business purposes. These advances are interest free and due upon demand. There was no balance for advance from customers involving related parties at September 30, 2019 and \$166,490 as of December 31, 2018.

Lease Agreements with Related Parties:

A subsidiary of the Company, RN Holding, leases a facility to a related party under an operating lease agreement expiring in 2024. The cost of the leased building is \$400,000 at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, and the accumulated depreciation of the leased building is \$107,692 and \$100,000 at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. Rental income for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018 was \$34,200, respectively, and for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018 was \$11,400 and \$11,400, respectively.

In 2017, a subsidiary of the Company, HG Realty, leased a warehouse to a related party under an operating lease agreement expiring on September 21, 2027. The cost of the leased building is \$3,223,745 at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, and the accumulated depreciation of the leased building is \$495,961 and \$433,966 as at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. Rental income for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018 was \$360,000 and \$360,000, respectively, and for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018 was \$120,000 and \$120,000, respectively.

Related party purchases transactions:

The Company purchases from various related parties during the normal course of business. The total purchases made from related parties were \$25,998,461 and \$26,882,395 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and \$8,512,370 and \$13,871,903 for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

NOTE 11 - SEGMENT REPORTING

ASC 280, "Segment Reporting," establishes standards for reporting information about operating segments on a basis consistent with the Company's internal organizational structure as well as information about geographical areas, business segments and major customers in financial statements for details on the Company's business segments. The Company uses the "management approach" in determining reportable operating segments. The management approach considers the internal organization and reporting used by the Company's chief operating decision maker for making operating decisions and assessing performance as the source for determining the Company's reportable segments. Management, including the chief operating decision maker, reviews operation results by the revenue of different products. Based on management's assessment, the Company has determined that it has two operating segments: sales to independent restaurants and wholesale.

The following table presents net sales by segment for the nine and three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively:

	For the Nine Months Ended			
	September 30, 2019		Sept	ember 30, 2018
Net revenue				
Sales to independent restaurants	\$	210,802,187	\$	203,272,084
Wholesale		14,415,918		13,960,000
Total	\$	225,218,105	\$	217,232,084
			-	
		For the Three	Montl	ns Ended
	Sept	tember 30, 2019	Sept	ember 30, 2018
Net revenue				
Sales to independent restaurants	\$	70,218,330	\$	65,755,745
Wholesale		5,480,547		4,608,053
Total	\$	75,698,877	\$	70,363,798

All the Company's revenue was generated from its business operation in the U.S.

NOTE 11 - SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(
	_	For the Nine Sales to	Mon	ths Ended Septen	ıber 3	80, 2019
		independent				
		restaurants		Wholesale	Т	otal
Revenue	\$	210,802,187	\$	14,415,918	\$	225,218,105
Cost of revenue	Ψ	173,986,745	Ψ	13,820,203	Ψ	187,806,948
Gross profit	\$	36,815,442	\$	595,715	\$	37,411,157
Depreciation and amortization	\$	2,034,586	\$	139,137	\$	2,173,723
Total capital expenditures	\$	5,036,698	\$	344,440	\$	5,381,138
•		For the Nine	Mon	ths Ended Septen	ther 3	RO 2018
	_	Sales to	111011	uis Ended Septen	ioci o	70, 2010
		independent				
		restaurants		Wholesale	Т	otal
Revenue	\$	203,272,084	\$	13,960,000	\$	217,232,084
Cost of revenue	4	167,388,910	4	13,052,688	Ψ	180,441,598
Gross profit	\$	35,883,174	\$	907,312	\$	36,790,486
Depreciation and amortization	\$	1,477,627	\$	101,478	\$	1,579,105
Total capital expenditures	\$	2,053,203	\$	141,007	\$	2,194,210
		D 4 D		.l. F. 1.10 .		20. 2010
	_	Sales to	VIOI	nths Ended Septer	nber .	30, 2019
		independent				
		restaurants		Wholesale	Т	otal
Revenue	\$	70,218,330	\$	5,480,547	\$	75,698,877
Cost of revenue		58,286,433		5,220,296		63,506,729
Gross profit	\$	11,931,897	\$	260,251	\$	12,192,148
Depreciation and amortization	\$	685,408	\$	53,496	\$	738,904
Total capital expenditures	\$	208,122	\$	16,244	\$	224,366
		For the Three	Moi	iths Ended Septer	nher '	30 2018
	_	Sales to	. 14101	idis Ended Septer	iibci .	30, 2010
		independent				
		restaurants		Wholesale	Т	otal
Revenue	\$	65,755,745	\$	4,608,053	\$	70,363,798
Cost of revenue	4	53,488,702	4	4,312,409	Ψ	57,801,111
Gross profit	\$	12,267,043	\$	295,644	\$	12,562,687
Depreciation and amortization	\$	502,293	\$	35,150	\$	537,443
Total capital expenditures	\$	115,593	\$	9,237	\$	124,830
				As of		As of
			5	September 30, 2019	D	ecember 31, 2018
Total assets:			_	2013	_	2010
Sales to independent restaurants			\$	77,787,273	\$	77,138,353
Wholesale			Φ	5,319,561	φ	5,338,054
Total Assets			\$	83,106,834	\$	82,476,407
וטומו האסכוא			Ψ	03,100,034	Ψ	02,4/0,40/
24						

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCY

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company has taken a \$1 million accruals for potential loss contingency relating to negligence claim(s) for damages arising in the ordinary course of business operations. On November 11, 2019, the Company settled the claim through mediation, and the final amount is \$0.4 million. Accordingly the Company has reversed the over accrued \$0.6 million during the three months ended September 30, 2019. The accrual has been recorded in distribution, selling and administrative expenses in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE 13 - BUSINESS COMBINATION WITH B&R

On June 21, 2019, the Company entered into a Merger Agreement with B&R pursuant to which the two companies agreed to combine their operations. B&R is a leading Chinese food wholesaler and distributor serving approximately 6,800 restaurants in more than ten western states.

On November 4, 2019 (the "Acquisition Date"), the Company completed its merger with B&R, which became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. Under the terms of the merger agreement, the Company issued 30.7 million shares of common stock to the former shareholders of B&R. As a result, upon completion of the merger, B&R pre-merger shareholders now own approximately 58.9% of the outstanding shares and the Company's pre-merger shareholders own approximately 41.1%. After giving effect to the merger, there are currently 53,050,211 and 52,145,096 shares of common stock of the Company issued and outstanding, respectively. Zhou Min Ni continues to serve as the Chairman of the Board and remains the largest individual shareholder of the Company.

The Business Combination will be accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting under the provisions of Accounting Standards Codification 805, "Business Combinations". The Company will be considered the accounting acquirer. The assets and liabilities and results of operations of B&R Global will be consolidated into the balance sheets and results of operations of the Company as of the completion of the Business Combination

Due to the limited time since the date of the acquisition, it is impracticable for the Company to make certain business combination disclosures at this time as the Company is still gathering information necessary to provide those disclosures. The Company plans to provide this information in its annual report on Form 10-K for the year ending December 31, 2019.

NOTE 14 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On November 4, 2019, the Company completed its merger with B&R. Under the terms of the merger agreement, the Company issued 30.7 million shares of common stock to the former shareholders of B&R.

On November 4, 2019, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement with JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. ("JP Morgan"). The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement provides for (a) a \$100 million asset-secured revolving credit facility maturing on November 4, 2022, and (b) mortgage-secured term loans of \$55.4 million. The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement contains financial covenants requiring the Company on a consolidated basis to maintain a Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio of 1.10 to 1.00, determined as of the end of each fiscal quarter for the four fiscal quarter period then ended. As of November 4, 2019, \$13.91 million outstanding under the Company's prior line of credit and \$1.57 million of prior term loan obligations were paid off with proceeds from the amended and restated credit agreement.

CAUTIONARY NOTE ABOUT FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for HF Foods Group Inc. ("HF Foods," the "Company," "we," "us," or "our") contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include statements about our expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, intentions, assumptions and other statements that are not historical facts. Words or phrases such as "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "ongoing," "plan," "potential," "predict," "project," "will" or similar words or phrases, or the negatives of those words or phrases, may identify forward-looking statements, but the absence of these words does not necessarily mean that a statement is not forward-looking. We derive many of our forward-looking statements from our operating budgets and forecasts, which are based on many detailed assumptions. While we believe that our assumptions are reasonable, we caution that it is very difficult to predict the impact of known factors, and it is impossible for us to anticipate all factors that could affect our actual results. All forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those that we expected. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations, or cautionary statements, include without limitation:

- Unfavorable macroeconomic conditions in the United States;
- Competition in the food service distribution industry particularly the entry of new competitors into the Chinese/Asian restaurant market niche;
- Increases in fuel costs;
- Increases in commodity prices;
- Disruption of relationships with vendors and increases in product prices;
- US government tariffs on products imported into the United States, particularly from China;
- Changes in consumer eating and dining out habits;
- Disruption of relationships with or loss of customers;
- Our ability to execute our acquisition strategy;
- Availability of financing to execute our acquisition strategy;
- Our ability to renew or replace the current lease of our warehouse in Georgia;
- Control of the Company by our Co-Chief Executive Officers and principal stockholders;
- Failure to retain our senior management and other key personnel particularly, Zhou Min Ni and Chan Sin Wong;
- Our ability to attract, train and retain employees;
- Changes in and enforcement of immigration laws;
- Failure to comply with various federal, state and local rules and regulations regarding food safety, sanitation, transportation, minimum wage, overtime and other health and safety laws;
- Product recalls, voluntary recalls or withdrawals if any of the products we distribute are alleged to have caused illness, been mislabeled, misbranded or adulterated or to otherwise have violated applicable government regulations;
- Failure to protect our intellectual property rights;
- Any cyber security incident, other technology disruption or delay in implementing our information technology systems;
- The development of an active trading market for our common stock;
- Failure to acquire other distributors or wholesalers and enlarge our customer base could negatively impact our results of operations and financial condition;
- Scarcity of and competition for acquisition opportunities;
- Our ability to obtain acquisition financing;
- The impact of non-cash charges relating to the amortization of intangible assets related to material acquisitions;
- Our ability to identify acquisition candidates;
- Increases in debt in order to successfully implement our acquisition strategy;
- Difficulties in integrating operations, personnel, and assets of acquired businesses that may disrupt our business, dilute stockholder value, and adversely affect our operating results; and
- other factors discussed in "Item 1A. Risk Factors." in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018.

All written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us, or persons acting on our behalf, are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements as well as other cautionary statements that are made from time to time in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and public communications. We caution you that the important factors referenced above may not contain all of the factors that are important to you. In addition, we cannot assure you that we will realize the results or developments we expect or anticipate or, even if substantially realized, that they will result in the consequences or affect us or our operations in the way we expect. The forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are made only as of the date hereof. Except as otherwise required by law, we undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS OF HF FOODS GROUP INC.

This discussion should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this report. The following discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve numerous risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from the forward-looking statements as a result of these risks and uncertainties. See "Cautionary Note About Forward-Looking Statements" for additional cautionary information.

Overview

HF Foods Group Inc. (the "Company," "we," "us" or "our") was originally incorporated in Delaware on May 19, 2016 as a special purpose acquisition company under the name Atlantic Acquisition Corp. ("Atlantic"), in order to acquire, through a merger, share exchange, asset acquisition, share purchase, recapitalization, reorganization or similar business combination with one or more businesses or entities.

Effective August 22, 2018, Atlantic consummated the transactions contemplated by a merger agreement (the "Merger Agreement"), dated as of March 28, 2018, by and among Atlantic, HF Group Merger Sub Inc., a Delaware subsidiary formed by Atlantic, HF Group Holding Corporation, a North Carolina corporation ("HF Holding"), the stockholders of HF Holding, and Zhou Min Ni, as representative of the stockholders of HF Holding. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, HF Holding merged with HF Merger Sub and HF Holding became the surviving entity (the "Merger") and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Atlantic (the "Acquisition"). Additionally, upon the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement (the "Closing")(i) the stockholders of HF Holding became the holders of a majority of the shares of common stock of Atlantic, and (ii) Atlantic changed its name to HF Foods Group Inc. (collectively, these transactions are referred to as the "Transactions").

At closing on August 22, 2018, Atlantic issued the HF Holding stockholders an aggregate of 19,969,831 shares of its common stock, equal to approximately 88.5% of the aggregate issued and outstanding shares of Atlantic's common stock. The pre-Transaction stockholders of Atlantic owned the remaining 11.5% of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of the combined entities.

The Company, acting through its subsidiaries, is a foodservice distributor operated by Chinese Americans, providing Chinese restaurants, primarily Chinese takeout restaurants located in the southeastern United States, with good quality food and supplies at competitive prices. Since our inception in 1997, fueled by increasing demand in the Chinese foods market segment, which our management believes is highly fragmented with unsophisticated competitors and has natural cultural barriers, we have grown our business and currently serve approximately 3,200 restaurant customers in ten states with our deep understanding of Chinese culture and our business know-how in the Chinese community.

In the past 20 years of operation, we have developed distribution channels throughout the southeastern United States. We have three distribution centers located in Greensboro, North Carolina, Ocala, Florida, and Atlanta Georgia, which comprise 400,000 square feet of total storage space, a fleet of 105 refrigerated vehicles for short-distance delivery, 12 tractors and 17 trailers for long-haul operations, and centralized inventory management and procurement, supported by an outsourced call center located in China for customer relationship management. We offer a variety of high quality products at competitive prices to our customers. Customers can benefit from our efficient supply chain to support such customer's growth.

We offer one-stop service to Chinese restaurants with over 1,000 types of products, including fresh and frozen meats, Chinese specialty vegetables, sauces, and packaging materials for takeout restaurants. Chinese restaurants, especially small or takeout restaurants, can find almost all the products they need in our product lists, which can help them to save their workload to manage their purchase of inventory. We use an outsourced call center in Fuzhou, China, with 24 hour availability for sales and marketing, order placement and post-sales service, which reduces our operating costs, and offers service in Mandarin and Fuzhou dialect, in addition to English.

During our 20 years of operations, we have established a large supplier network and we maintain long-term relationships with many major suppliers. The procurement team is led by Zhou Min Ni, CEO of the Company, who has deep insight in the industry. The centralized procurement management system gives us negotiating power given the large procurement quantities, improves our turnover of inventory and account payables, and reduces our operating costs.

In furtherance of our strategic plan, on June 21, 2019 we entered into, and on November 4, 2019 we closed, a merger agreement to acquire B&R Global Holdings, Inc. ("B&R"), a California based distributer and wholesaler serving Asian restaurants in the Western United States. We issued 30,700,000 shares of common stock to the historic stockholders of B&R, which is now a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. As a result of this acquisition, we now also operate in eleven states in the Western United States.

Our net revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 was \$225.2 million, an increase of \$8.0 million, or 3.7%, from \$217.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. Net income attributable to our stockholders for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 was \$3.6 million and for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 was \$4.0 million. Adjusted EBITDA for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 was \$9.9 million, a decrease of \$0.5 million, or 5.4%, from \$10.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. For additional information on Adjusted EBITDA, see the section entitled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of HF Foods Group Inc. — Adjusted EBITDA" below.

Outlook

We plan to continue to expand our business and strategically consolidate our market segment through acquisition of other distributors and wholesalers to expand our business into untapped regions around the United States and to eventually grow into a nationwide foodservice distributor, which depends on access to sufficient capital. If we are unable able to obtain equity or debt financing, or borrowings from bank loans, we may not be able to execute our plan to acquire other distributors and wholesalers. Even if we are able to make such acquisitions, we may not be able to successfully integrate any acquired businesses or improve their profitability, which could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and future operating performance.

We will continue to invest in the management technology system to further improve our operational efficiency, accuracy and customer satisfaction. We are also exploring value-added products such as semi-prepared products to help our customers upgrade their service.

How to Assess Our Performance

In assessing performance, we consider a variety of performance and financial measures, including principal growth in net sales, gross profit, and Adjusted EBITDA. The key measures that we use to evaluate the performance of our business are set forth below:

Net Revenue

Net revenue is equal to gross sales minus sales returns, sales incentives that we offer to our customers, such as rebates and discounts that are offsets to gross sales, and certain other adjustments. Net sales are driven by changes in number of customers and product inflation that is reflected in the pricing of our products and mix of products sold.

Gross Profit

Gross profit is equal to net sales minus cost of goods sold. Cost of goods sold primarily includes inventory costs (net of supplier consideration), inbound freight, custom clearance fees, and other miscellaneous expenses. Cost of goods sold generally changes as we incur higher or lower costs from suppliers and as the customer and product mix changes.

Distribution, General and Administrative Expenses

Distribution, general and administrative expenses consist primarily of salaries and benefits for employees and contract labors, trucking and fuel expenses, utilities, maintenance and repairs expenses, insurance expense, depreciation and amortization expenses, selling and marketing expenses, professional fees, and other operating expenses.

Adjusted EBITDA

We believe that Adjusted EBITDA is a useful performance measure and can be used to facilitate a comparison of our operating performance on a consistent basis from period to period and to provide for a more complete understanding of factors and trends affecting our business than U.S. GAAP measures alone can provide. Our management believes that Adjusted EBITDA is less susceptible to variances in actual performance resulting from depreciation, amortization and other non-cash charges and more reflective of other factors that affect our operating performance. Our management believes that the use of this non-GAAP financial measure provides an additional tool for us and investors to use in evaluating ongoing operating results and trends and in comparing our financial measures with the companies in the same industry, many of which present similar non-GAAP financial measures to investors. We present Adjusted EBITDA in order to provide supplemental information that management considers relevant for the readers of our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this report, and such information is not meant to replace or supersede U.S. GAAP measures.

We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss) before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, further adjusted to exclude certain unusual, non-cash, non-recurring, cost reduction, and other adjustment items. The definition of Adjusted EBITDA may not be the same as similarly titled measures used by other companies in the industry. Adjusted EBITDA is not defined under U.S. GAAP, is subject to important limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in in isolation or as substitute for analysis of our results as reported under U.S. GAAP. For example, Adjusted EBITDA:

- excludes certain tax payments that may represent a reduction in cash available to the Company;
- does not reflect any cash capital expenditure requirements for the assets being depreciated and amortized that may have to be replaced in the future:
- does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs; and
- does not reflect the significant interest expense, or the cash requirements, necessary to service our debt.

Results of Operations for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

The following table sets forth a summary of our consolidated results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018. The historical results presented below are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any future period.

	For the three	mont	ths ended				
	Septem	ber 3	30,	Changes			
	 2019		2018	Amount	%		
Net revenue	\$ 75,698,877	\$	70,363,798	\$ 5,335,079	7.6%		
Cost of revenue	63,506,729		57,801,111	5,705,618	9.9%		
Gross profit	12,192,148		12,562,687	(370,539)	(2.9)%		
Distribution, selling and administrative expenses	9,969,785		10,385,563	(415,778)	(4.0)%		
Income from operations	2,222,363		2,177,124	45,239	2.1%		
Interest income	113,930		333,072	(219,142)	(65.8)%		
Interest expenses and bank charges	(482,099)		(270,049)	(212,050)	78.5%		
Other income, net	 281,619		370,678	 (89,059)	(24.0)%		
Income before income tax provision	2,135,813		2,610,825	(475,012)	(18.2)%		
Provision for income taxes	607,142		840,147	(233,005)	(27.7)%		
Net income	1,528,671		1,770,678	(242,007)	(13.7)%		
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	 181,106		103,600	 77,506	(74.8)%		
Net income attributable to HF Foods Group Inc.	\$ 1,347,565	\$	1,667,078	\$ (319,513)	(19.2)%		

Net Revenue

Net revenue was mainly derived from sales to independent restaurants (Chinese/Asian restaurants) and sales as wholesale to smaller distributors.

The following table sets forth the breakdown of net revenue:

	For the three months ended September 30,										
	201	9	201	.8	Change						
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%					
Net revenue											
Sales to independent restaurants	\$ 70,218,330	92.8%	\$ 65,755,745	93.5%	\$ 4,462,585	6.8%					
Wholesale	5,480,547	7.2%	4,608,053	6.5%	872,494	18.9%					
Total	\$ 75,698,877	100.0%	\$ 70,363,798	100.0%	\$ 5,335,079	7.6%					

Net revenue increased by \$5.3 million, or 7.6%, during the three months ended September 30, 2019 as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2018. This was attributable primarily to a \$4.5 million increase in sales to independent restaurants, resulting primarily from slightly increased commodity prices in the three months ended September 30, 2019 compared with the three months ended September 30, 2018.

We conduct wholesale operations as a supplemental business to our foodservice distribution to restaurants by purchasing full truckloads of product from suppliers and redistributing to smaller distributors who are typically not large enough to order truckload quantities, or do not want to keep inventory for long periods. The larger purchase can improve overall bargaining power with manufacturers by increasing total order quantity. Net revenue from wholesale for the three months ended September 30, 2019 increased 18.9% as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2018, due primarily to the increase in sales to three wholesale customers and sales to two new customers.

Cost of sales and Gross Profit

The following tables set forth the calculation of gross profit and gross margin for sales to independent restaurants, wholesale and total net revenue:

For the three months ended

	For the three	mont	ns enaea			
	Septem	ıber 3	30,		Changes	
	 2019		2018		Amount	%
Sales to independent restaurants						
Net revenue	\$ 70,218,330	\$	65,755,745	\$	4,462,585	6.8%
Cost of revenue	58,286,433		53,488,702		4,797,731	9.0%
Gross profit	\$ 11,931,897	\$	12,267,043	\$	(335,146)	(2.7)%
Gross Margin	17.0%		18.7%		(1.7)%	
Wholesale						
Net revenue	\$ 5,480,547	\$	4,608,053	\$	872,494	18.9%
Cost of revenue	5,220,296		4,312,409		907,887	21.1%
Gross profit	\$ 260,251	\$	295,644	\$	(35,393)	(12.0)%
Gross Margin	4.7%	<u> </u>	6.4%	5	(1.7)%	
Total sales						
Net revenue	\$ 75,698,877	\$	70,363,798	\$	5,335,079	7.6%
Cost of revenue	 63,506,729		57,801,111		5,705,618	9.9%
Gross profit	\$ 12,192,148	\$	12,562,687	\$	(370,539)	(2.9)%
Gross Margin	16.1% 17.9%		, <u> </u>	(1.8)%		

Cost of revenue was \$63.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019, an increase of \$5.7 million or 9.9%, from \$57.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018. The increase was attributable primarily to the \$4.8 million increase in cost of revenue for the sales to independent restaurants, from \$53.5 million in the three months ended September 30, 2018 to \$58.3 million in the three months ended September 30, 2019. The increase was attributable primarily to the increase in net sales.

Gross profit was \$12.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$0.4 million, or 2.9%, from \$12.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018. The decrease was attributable primarily to a \$0.4 million decrease in gross profit derived from sales to independent restaurants from \$12.3 million in the three months ended September 30, 2018 to \$11.9 million in the three months ended September 30, 2019. Gross margin decreased from 17.9% for the three months ended September 30, 2018 to 16.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2019. The decrease was mainly due to the increase in price of frozen meat.

Distribution, selling and Administrative Expenses

Distribution, selling and administrative expenses were \$10.0 million and \$10.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and the three months ended September 30, 2018, respectively, representing a 4% decrease. The decrease is within the normal fluctuation of business operations.

Interest Expense and Bank Charges

Interest expense and bank charges are primarily generated from lines of credit, capital leases, and long-term debt. Interest expenses and bank charges were \$0.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019, an increase of \$0.2 million or 78.5%, compared with \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018. The increase was due primarily to an increase in the average balance of our lines of credit.

Other Income

Other income consists primarily of non-operating income and rental income. Other income was \$0.3 million, for the three months ended September 30, 2019 a decrease of \$0.1 million or 24.0%, compared with \$0.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018.

Income taxes Provision

Provision for income taxes decreased by \$233,005 or 27.7%, from \$840,147 for the three months ended September 30, 2018 to \$607,142 for the three months ended September 30, 2019, as a result of the decrease in income before income tax provision.

Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling interest

Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest was derived from one minority owned subsidiary and increased by \$0.1 million, or 74.8% from \$0.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 to income of \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019 as a result of the increase of net income of this subsidiary.

Net Income Attributable to Our Stockholders

Net income attributable to our stockholders was \$1.7 million and \$1.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and for the three months ended September 30, 2019.

Adjusted EBITDA

The following table sets forth of the calculation of adjusted EBITDA and reconciliation to Net Income, the closest U.S. GAAP measure:

		For the three i	mont	hs ended				
		Septem	ber 3	0,	Change			
	2019 2018			Amount	%			
Net income	\$	1,528,671	\$	1,770,678	\$	(242,007)	(13.7)%	
Interest expenses		482,099		270,049		211,050	78.5%	
Income tax provision		607,142		840,147		(233,005)	(27.7)%	
Depreciation & Amortization		738,904		533,992		204,912	38.4%	
Non-recurring expenses*		(625,000)		300,000		(925,000)	(308.3)%	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	2,731,816	\$	3,714,866	\$	(983,050)	(26.5)%	
Percentage of revenue		3.6%		5.3%	, <u> </u>	(1.7)%		

^{*} For the three months ended September 30, 2018, represents labor dispute expenses accrued in connection with United States Department of Labor investigation of our subsidiary Kirnland Food Distribution, Inc. For the three months ended September 30, 2019, represents a non-recurring expense adjustment previously accrued for potential loss contingency relating to negligence claim(s) for damages arising in the ordinary course of business.

Adjusted EBITDA was \$2.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$1.0 million, or 26.5%, compared to \$3.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018, resulting mainly from the decrease of net income of \$0.2 million, income tax of \$0.2 million, and non-recurring expenses of \$0.9 million which was offset by increases in interest expenses and depreciation and amortization. As a percentage of revenue, adjusted EBITDA was 3.6% and 5.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Results of Operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

The following table sets forth a summary of our consolidated results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018. The historical results presented below are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any future period.

	For the nine months ended							
		Septem	ber	30,	Changes			
	2019 2018					Amount		%
Net revenue	\$	225,218,105	\$	217,232,084	\$	7,986,021		3.7%
Cost of revenue		187,806,948		180,441,598		7,365,350		4.1%
Gross profit		37,411,157		36,790,486		620,671		1.7%
Distribution, selling and administrative expenses		31,428,998		31,725,945		(296,947)		(0.9)%
Income from operations		5,982,159		5,064,541		917,618		18.1%
Interest income		418,397		346,822		71,575		20.6%
Interest expenses and bank charges		(1,207,217)		(1,024,762)		(182,455)		17.8%
Other income		905,149		918,010		(12,861)		(1.4)%
Income before income tax provision		6,098,488		5,304,611		793,877		15.0%
Provision for income taxes		1,715,532		1,542,207		173,325		11.2%
Net income		4,382,956		3,762,404		620,552		16.5%
Less: net income(loss) attributable to		339,683		(277,855)		617,538		222.3%
Net income attributable to HF Foods Group Inc.	\$	4,043,273	\$	4,040,259	\$	3,014		0.1%

Net Revenue

Net revenue was mainly derived from sales to independent restaurants (Chinese/Asian restaurants) and sales as wholesale to smaller distributors. The following table sets forth the breakdown of net revenue:

FU	or the m	me monus e	cuu	ea September 3	ου,							
20	19			2018				Change				
Amount		%		Amount %		Amount			%			
								_				
\$ 210,802,187		93.6%	\$	203,272,084		93.6%	\$	7,530,103		3.7%		
14,415,918		6.4%		13,960,000		6.4%		455,918		3.3%		
\$ 225,218,105		100.0%	\$	217,232,084		100.0%	\$	7,986,021		3.7%		
\$	\$ 210,802,187 14,415,918	2019 Amount \$ 210,802,187 14,415,918	2019 Amount % \$ 210,802,187 93.6% 14,415,918 6.4%	2019 Amount % \$ 210,802,187 93.6% \$ 14,415,918 6.4%	2019 20 Amount % Amount \$ 210,802,187 93.6% \$ 203,272,084 14,415,918 6.4% 13,960,000	Amount % Amount 9 \$ 210,802,187 93.6% \$ 203,272,084 14,415,918 6.4% 13,960,000	2019 2018 Amount % Amount % \$ 210,802,187 93.6% \$ 203,272,084 93.6% 14,415,918 6.4% 13,960,000 6.4%	2019 2018 Amount % Amount % \$ 210,802,187 93.6% \$ 203,272,084 93.6% \$ 14,415,918 6.4% 13,960,000 6.4%	2019 2018 Cha Amount % Amount % Amount \$ 210,802,187 93.6% \$ 203,272,084 93.6% \$ 7,530,103 14,415,918 6.4% 13,960,000 6.4% 455,918	2019 2018 Change Amount % Amount % Amount \$ 210,802,187 93.6% \$ 203,272,084 93.6% \$ 7,530,103 14,415,918 6.4% 13,960,000 6.4% 455,918		

Net revenue increased by \$8.0 million, or 3.7%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2018. This was attributable primarily to a \$7.5 million increase in sales to independent restaurants resulting primarily from slightly increased commodity prices in the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

Net revenue from wholesale for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 increased 3.3% compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2018, due primarily to the increase in sales to three wholesale customers and sales to two new customers.

Cost of sales and Gross Profit

The following tables set forth the calculation of gross profit and gross margin for sales to independent restaurants, wholesale and total net revenue:

	For the nine months ended						
		Septem	ber	30,	Changes		
		2019 2018			Amount	%	
Sales to independent restaurants							
Net revenue	\$	210,802,187	\$	203,272,084	\$	7,530,103	3.7%
Cost of revenue		173,986,745		167,388,910		6,597,835	3.9%
Gross profit	\$	36,815,442	\$	35,883,174	\$	932,268	2.6%
Gross Margin		17.5% 17.7%			(0.2)%		
Wholesale							
Net revenue	\$	14,415,918	\$	13,960,000	\$	455,918	3.3%
Cost of revenue		13,820,203		13,052,688		767,515	5.9%
Gross profit	\$	595,715	\$	907,312	\$	(311,597)	(34.3)%
Gross Margin		4.1%		6.5%		(2.4)%	
m . 1 . 1							
Total sales							
Net revenue	\$	225,218,105	\$	217,232,084	\$	7,986,021	3.7%
Cost of revenue		187,806,948		180,441,598		7,365,350	4.1%
Gross profit	\$	37,411,157	\$	36,790,486	\$	620,671	1.7%
Gross Margin		16.6%		16.9%		(0.3)%	

Cost of revenue was \$187.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, an increase of \$7.4 million, or 4.1%, from \$180.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. The increase was attributable primarily to the increase of \$6.6 million in cost of revenue for the sales to independent restaurants, from \$167.4 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2018 to \$174.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019. The increase was attributable primarily to the increase in net sales.

Gross profit was \$37.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, an increase of \$0.6 million, or 1.7%, from \$36.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. The increase was attributable primarily to the \$1.0 increase in gross profit derived from sales to independent restaurants from \$35.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2018 to \$36.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2019. Gross margin decreased from 16.9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 to 16.6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, representing a 0.3% decrease due primarily to the 0.2% decrease in gross margin from sales to independent restaurants.

Distribution, selling and Administrative Expenses

Distribution, selling and administrative expenses were \$31.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$0.3 million, or 0.9%, from \$31.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. The increase is within the normal fluctuation of business operations.

Interest Expense and Bank Charges

Interest expense and bank charges are primarily generated from lines of credit, capital leases and long-term debt. Interest expenses and bank charges were \$1.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, an increase of \$0.2 million, or 17.8%, compared with \$1.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018, which was due primarily to an increase in the average balance of our lines of credit.

Other Income

Other income consists primarily of non-operating income and rental income. Other income was \$0.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

Income taxes Provision

Provision for income taxes increased by \$0.2 million, or 11.2%, from \$1.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 to \$1.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, as a result of the increase in income before income tax provision.

Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling interest

Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest is derived from one minority owned subsidiary and increased by \$617,538 or 222.3% from a loss of \$277,855 for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 to \$339,683 of income for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, as a result of the increase of net income of this subsidiary.

Net Income Attributable to Our Stockholders

Net income attributable to our stockholders was \$4.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

Adjusted EBITDA

The following table sets forth of the calculation of adjusted EBITDA:

	For the nine months ended										
		Septem	ber 3	30,		Change					
		2019 2018				Amount	%				
Net income	\$	4,382,956	\$	3,762,404	\$	620,552	16.5%				
Interest expenses		1,207,217		1,024,762		182,455	17.8%				
Income tax provision		1,715,532		1,542,207		173,325	11.2%				
Depreciation & Amortization		2,173,723		1,585,067		588,656	37.1%				
Non-recurring expenses*		375,000		2,500,000		(2,125,000)	(85.0)%				
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	9,854,428	\$	10,414,440	\$	(560,012)	(5.4)%				
Percentage of revenue		4.4%		4.8%)	(0.4)%					

^{*} For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, represents labor dispute expenses accrued in connection with United States Department of Labor investigation of our subsidiary Kirnland Food Distribution, Inc. For the nine months ended September 30, 2019, represents a non-recurring expense accrued for potential loss contingency relating to negligence claim(s) for damages arising in the ordinary course of business.

Adjusted EBITDA was \$9.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$0.6 million, or 5.4%, compared to \$10.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 resulting mainly from the decrease of non-recurring expenses of \$2.1 million offset by increases in interest expenses of \$0.2 million, net income of \$0.6 million and depreciation and amortization of \$0.6 million. As a percentage of revenue, adjusted EBITDA was 4.4% and 4.8% for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of September 30, 2019, we had cash of approximately \$6.8 million. We have funded working capital and other capital requirements primarily by equity contribution from shareholders, cash flow from operations, and bank loans. Cash is required to pay purchase costs for inventory, salaries, fuel and trucking expenses, selling expenses, rental expenses, income taxes, other operating expenses and repay debts.

On April 18, 2019, we and our operating subsidiaries Han Feng, New Southern Food Distributers and Kirnland entered into a credit agreement with East West Bank, which replaced our prior credit agreement with East West Bank. The credit agreement provides a \$25,000,000 revolving credit facility which is due August 18, 2021, accrues interest based on the prime rate less 0.375% or 2.20% above LIBOR, but in no event less than 4.214% per annum, and is secured by virtually all assets of the Company and our domestic subsidiaries. The outstanding balance on this line of credit at September 30, 2019 was \$11.9 million. The credit agreement contains certain financial covenants which, among other things, require us to maintain certain financial ratios. As of the date of this report, we were in compliance with the covenants under the credit agreement. On November 4, 2019, the East West Bank revolving credit facility loan was paid off from borrowings under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement entered into connection with the merger with B&R, as described below.

On November 4, 2019, we entered into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement with JP Morgan. The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement provides for (a) a \$100 million asset-secured revolving credit facility maturing on November 4, 2022, and (b) mortgage-secured term loans of \$55.4 million. The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement contains financial covenants requiring the Company on a consolidated basis to maintain a Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio of 1.10 to 1.00, determined as of the end of each fiscal quarter for the four fiscal quarter period then ended.

Although management believes that the cash generated from operations will be sufficient to meet our normal working capital needs for at least the next twelve months, our ability to repay our current obligations will depend on the future realization of our current assets. Management has considered the historical experience, the economy, trends in the foodservice distribution industry, the expected collectability of accounts receivable and the realization of the inventories as of September 30, 2019. Based on the above considerations, management is of the opinion that we have sufficient funds to meet our working capital requirements and debt obligations as they become due. Execution of our acquisition strategy may, depending on the structure, require additional cash resources. The business combination with B&R Global Holdings involved the issuance of the Company's shares and except for transaction costs, did not negatively impact cash or working capital.

However, there is no assurance that management will be successful in our plan. There are a number of factors that could potentially arise that could result in shortfalls to our plan, such as the demand for our products, economic conditions, the competitive pricing in the foodservice distribution industry, and our bank and suppliers being able to provide continued support. If the future cash flow from operations and other capital resources are insufficient to fund our liquidity needs, we may be forced to reduce or delay our expected acquisition plan, sell assets, obtain additional debt or equity capital, or refinance all or a portion of our debt.

The following table sets forth cash flow data for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018:

	For the nine r Septem	
	 2019	2018
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 442,624	\$ 8,484,258
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,798,693)	(4,995,690)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	5,670,080	(1,781,661)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,314,011	\$ 1,704,907

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities consists primarily of net income adjusted for non-cash items, including depreciation and amortization, changes in deferred income taxes and others, and adjusted for the effect of working capital changes. Net cash provided by operating activities was approximately \$0.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$8.1 million, or 94.8%, compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$8.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. The decrease was a result of a decrease of \$9.2 million from changes in working capital items mainly resulting from changes in accounts receivable, inventory, advances to suppliers, accrued expenses and other long- term assets which were offset by an increase of \$1.2 million in depreciation and amortization expense and net income. The increase in inventory was related to the purchase of frozen seafood, frozen flank steak, and frozen poultry due to price advantage.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was approximately \$4.8 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$0.2 million, or 3.9%, compared to \$5.0 million net cash provided by investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. The decrease resulted from an increase of \$3.2 million to purchase property and equipment and a decrease of \$1.4 million cash received in connection of reverse acquisition with Atlantic Acquisition. which was offset by a decrease of \$4.2 million in payments made for notes receivable.

Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities was approximately \$5.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, an increase of \$7.5 million, or 418.2%, compared with net cash used in financing activities of \$1.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. The increase resulted from an increase of \$14.1 million of proceeds from lines of credit and long-term debt, a decrease of \$1.4 million of repayments of long-term debt, and a decrease of \$1.0 million in cash distributions paid to shareholders. These amounts were offset by an increase of \$9.0 million of repayment of lines of credit and capital leases.

Commitments and Contractual Obligations

The following table presents the company's material contractual obligations as of September 30, 2019:

			M	lore than 5						
Contractual Obligations	Total			year		1-3 years	3-5 years			years
Line of credit	\$	11,864,481	\$	-	\$	11,864,481	\$	-	\$	-
Long-term debt		17,060,433		1,650,898		4,154,482		1,351,080		9,903,973
Capital lease obligations		1,704,340		373,715		706,121		584,126		40,378
Operating lease obligations		79,922		42,238		37,684		-		-
Total	\$	30,709,176	\$	2,066,851	\$	16,762,768	\$	1,935,206	\$	9,944,351

On July 2, 2018, AnHeart Inc. ("AnHeart"), our former subsidiary, entered into two separate leases for two buildings located in Manhattan, New York, at 273 Fifth Avenue and 275 Fifth Avenue, for 30 years and 15 years, respectively, which are net leases, meaning that AnHeart is required to pay all costs associated with the buildings, including utilities, maintenance and repairs. We provided a guaranty for all rent and related costs of the leases, including costs associated with the construction of a two-story structure at 273 Fifth Avenue and rehabilitation of the building at 275 Fifth Avenue.

On February 23, 2019, we executed an agreement to transfer all of our ownership interest in AnHeart to Jianping An, a resident of New York for a sum of \$20,000. We completed the transfer of ownership on May 2, 2019. However, the transfer of ownership did not release our guaranty of AnHeart's obligations or liabilities under the original lease agreements. Under the terms of the sale of shares, AnHeart executed a security agreement which provides a security interest in AnHeart's assets and a covenant that the lease will be assigned to us if AnHeart defaults. Further, Minsheng Pharmaceutical Group Company, Ltd., a Chinese manufacturer and distributor of herbal medicines, executed an unconditional guaranty of all AnHeart liabilities arising from the leases.

Off -balance Sheet Arrangements

We are not a party to any off -balance sheet arrangements.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Except for the following, there have been no material changes in our critical accounting policies and procedures during the nine months ended September 30, 2019.

Recent accounting pronouncements

In July 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-11, Earnings Per Share (Topic 260), Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity (Topic 480), and Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815). The guidance of Part I is to clarify accounting for certain financial instruments with down round feature in a financial instrument that reduces the strike price of an issued financial instrument if the issuer sells shares of its stock for an amount less than the currently stated strike price of the issued financial instrument. For freestanding equity classified financial instruments, the amendments require entities that present earnings per share (EPS) in accordance with Topic 260 to recognize the effect of the down round feature when it is triggered. That effect is treated as a dividend and as a reduction of income available to common shareholders in basic EPS. Convertible instruments with embedded conversion options that have down round features are now subject to the specialized guidance for contingent beneficial conversion features. The amendments also re-characterize the indefinite deferral of certain provisions of Topic 480 that now are presented as pending content in the Codification, to a scope exception. Those amendments do not have an accounting effect. The amendments in Part I of ASU No. 2017-11 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. Early adoption is permitted for all entities, including adoption in an interim period. The amendments in Part II of this Update do not require any transition guidance because those amendments do not have an accounting effect. We are currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2017-11 on its consolidated financial statements and does not expect that the adoption of this guidance will have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-02, "Income Statement—Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income". The amendments eliminate the stranded tax effects resulting from the United States Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Act") and will improve the usefulness of information reported to financial statement users. ASU No. 2018-02 is effective for all entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years. This update became effective for the Company on July 1, 2019. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

As a smaller reporting company, we are not required to provide disclosure pursuant to this item.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial and accounting officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial and accounting officer have concluded that as a result of the material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of September 30, 2019. Notwithstanding the material weaknesses, our management has concluded that the financial statements included elsewhere in this report present fairly, and all materials respects, our financial position on results of operation and cash flow in conformity with GAAP.

Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As previously reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018, management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was ineffective due to material weakness and control deficiencies in our internal control over financial reporting. The material weakness related to the deficiency in the ability of our in-house accounting professionals to generate financial statements in the form required by applicable SEC requirements. Control deficiencies are related to the lack of proper documentation to evidence the review of customer orders and purchase orders, and lack of proper documentation to evidence customers' acknowledgement of transaction amounts and account balances. In order to address and resolve the foregoing material weakness, during the three months ended March 31, 2019, we made the following changes to our internal control over financial reporting: we hired additional financial personnel, including an Assistant Controller, who is experienced in the preparation of financial statements in compliance with applicable SEC requirements. During the three months ended September 30, 2019, we did not make any additional change in our internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

The measures we have implemented are subject to continued management review supported by confirmation and testing, as well as audit committee oversight. Management remains committed to the implementation of remediation efforts to address these material weaknesses. Although we will continue to implement measures to remedy our internal control deficiencies, there can be no assurance that our efforts will be successful or avoid potential future material weaknesses. In addition, until remediation steps have been completed and/or operated for a sufficient period of time, and subsequent evaluation of their effectiveness is completed, the material weaknesses identified and described above will continue to exist.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

None.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

As a smaller reporting company, we are not required to provide disclosure pursuant to this item.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds from Registered Securities.

The following table sets forth the Company's stock repurchase activity in the third quarter of 2019.

Period	Total number of shares (or units) purchased	Average price paid per share (or unit)	Total number of shares (or units) purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs	Maximum number (or approximate dollar value) of shares (or units) that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs
July 1, 2019 through July 31, 2019	_	_	_	<u> </u>
August 1, 2019 through August 31, 2019	_	_	_	_
September 1, 2019 through September 30, 2019	905,115	\$ 13.30	_	_
Total	905,115	\$ 13.30		

On September 30, 2019, the Company sold to Mr. Ni four unsecured loans, with an aggregate balance of principal and accrued interest of \$12,038,029.51, extended by us to companies in which Mr. Ni or his immediate family members had or have an ownership or other pecuniary interest (the "Loans"). The Loans were sold to Mr. Ni for \$12,038,029.51 which was paid by the transfer to us of 905,115 shares of common stock owned by Mr. Ni. An additional 298,688 shares of common stock owned by Mr. Ni have been placed in escrow for a period of one year. These shares will be delivered to the Company in part or in full, if the volume weighted average closing price of the Company's common stock for the 250-trading-day period immediately preceding the expiration of the escrow period is less than \$13.30.

Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities

Between July 2 and July 30, 2019, the Company issued 182,725 shares of common stock upon the cashless exercise of a Unit Purchase Option Agreement issued to one of the underwriters in the Company's initial public offering. The foregoing securities were issued to one accredited investor in private placement transactions pursuant to the exemption from registration provided by Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, without general solicitation or advertising of any kind and without payment of placement agent or brokerage fees to any person.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits.

The following exhibits are being filed or furnished with this quarterly report on Form 10-Q:

Exhibit No.	Description
2.1	Merger Agreement dated June 21, 2019, by and among HF Foods Group Inc., B&R Merger Sub Inc., B&R Global Holdings, Inc., the stockholders of B&R Global Holdings, Inc. and Xiao Mou Zhang (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 25, 2019)
3.1.	Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of HF Foods Group Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1.2 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 5, 2019)
10.1	Loan Purchase and Sale Agreement dated September 30, 2019, by and between HF Group Holding Corp., Han Feng, Inc., and Zhou Min Ni (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 4, 2019)
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 and Rule 15d-14(a), promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 and Rule 15d-14(a), promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

HF FOODS GROUP INC.

By: <u>/s/ Zhou Min Ni</u>
Zhou Min Ni
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal executive officer)

By: <u>/s/ Caixuan Xu</u>
Caixuan Xu
Vice President of Finance
(Chief accounting officer)

Date: November 14, 2019

Certification of Chief Executive Officer

- I, Zhou Min Ni, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of HF Foods Group Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 14, 2019 By: /s/ Zhou Min Ni

Zhou Min Ni

Chief Executive Officer

Certification of Chief Financial Officer

- I, Caixuan Xu, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of HF Foods Group Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 14, 2019 By: /s/ Xiao Mou Zhang

Xiao Mou Zhang Chief Financial Officer

Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of HF Foods Group Inc. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2019 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Zhou Min Ni, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a) or 78o(d)); and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Zhou Min Ni

Zhou Min Ni Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) November 14, 2019

Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of HF Foods Group Inc. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2019 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Caixuan Xu, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a) or 78o(d)); and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Xiao Mou Zhang

Xiao Mou Zhang Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer and principal accounting officer) November 14, 2019